On the Jamming Rejection Features of Near-field Beamforming

João Ferreira(1), João Guerreiro(1,2), Rui Dinis(1,2), Mário Marques da Silva(1,3)

- (1) FCT, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Monte de Caparica, Portugal.
- (2) IT, Instituto de Telecomunicações, Lisboa, Portugal.
- (3) Universidade Autónoma de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal.

Abstract—Large multiple antenna systems have been widely used in 5G for improved spectral efficiencies. For 6G, even bigger arrays are being proposed to obtain larger gains and/or to reduce interference levels. When the physical size of the array is large compared to the propagation distance, communication might occur in the near-field regime, which requires channel models that capture the curvature of the spherical waves. In this paper, we consider the near-field communication regime and study the jamming rejection features of an extremely large array (ELAA). Due to the focusing effect available in the near-field, it is shown that the jamming rejection features in this region are much stronger than the ones associated with far-field. Therefore, near-field beam-focusing constitutes an interesting physical layer security (PLS) technique for 6G communications.

Index Terms—multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO), extremely large antenna arrays (ELAAs), near-field communications, physical layer security (PLS), achievable capacity